

KillTest

Mejor calidad. Mejor servicio



Preguntas de práctica

<https://www.killtest.es>

Actualizaciones gratuitas durante un año

Exam : NSE5_SSE_AD-26

Title : Fortinet NSE 5 - FortiSASE
and SD-WAN 26 Core
Administrator

Version : DEMO

1.A FortiGate running FortiOS 7.6.3 must apply a different firewall policy to wan2, which is already an SD-WAN member. Other members must keep their current policy treatment.

Which design meets this requirement?

- A. Reference wan2 directly as the outgoing firewall-policy interface.
- B. Place wan2 in its own SD-WAN zone and reference that zone in the policy.
- C. Keep all members in one zone and use the member sequence number as the policy interface.
- D. Create a performance SLA named wan2 and use it as the outgoing policy interface.

Answer: B

Explanation:

B is correct: a zone may contain one member, allowing a separate policy to select that member through its zone.

2.During a basic FortiOS 7.6.3 SD-WAN deployment, an existing firewall policy references wan1 directly. The administrator wants to add wan1 as an SD-WAN member.

Which preparation is required?

- A. Change the implicit-rule load-balancing algorithm.
- B. Increase the member cost before adding the interface.
- C. Remove the conflicting direct references to wan1 before adding it.
- D. Create an SLA target with a zero latency threshold.

Answer: C

Explanation:

C is correct: selected interfaces must be removed from other conflicting configurations before becoming SD-WAN members.

3.A branch uses an ISP broadband circuit to carry a site-to-site IPsec tunnel to its data center.

Which two statements correctly identify these components? (Choose two)

- A. The broadband circuit is an underlay transport.
- B. The IPsec tunnel is the underlay because it carries private application traffic.
- C. The ISP circuit is an overlay because it can carry encrypted packets.
- D. The IPsec tunnel is an overlay built over the transport network.

Answer: A, D

Explanation:

A is correct: the broadband circuit provides the underlying WAN transport.

D is correct: site-to-site IPsec is a typical VPN overlay constructed over underlay connectivity.

4.A branch sends internet-bound traffic through an IPsec overlay to a hub, where it exits through the hub WAN interface.

Which description fits this path?

- A. Direct internet access through the branch local ISP.
- B. Passive measurement of the branch local WAN.
- C. Remote internet access through the hub.
- D. A local-out connection originated by the branch FortiGate.

Answer: C

Explanation:

C is correct: the branch uses the overlay and the hub WAN for remote internet access.

5. On the FortiOS 7.6.3 Performance SLAs page, a participant shows a green up arrow. A colleague concludes that the participant meets every configured SLA target.

Which response is correct?

- A. The arrow confirms that the server responds; target compliance must be checked separately.
- B. The arrow confirms that latency, jitter and packet loss are all below their target thresholds.
- C. The arrow confirms that the implicit SD-WAN rule selected this member for every session.
- D. The arrow confirms that all other participants failed their health checks.

Answer: A

Explanation:

A is correct: the up arrow indicates a responding server, not that all SLA constraints are satisfied.