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Exam : DA0-002

**Title : CompTIA Data+ Exam
(2025)**

Version : DEMO

1.Which of the following is the best tool for creating a dynamic dashboard?

- A. Power BI
- B. RStudio
- C. Excel
- D. SAS

Answer: A

Explanation:

The question asks for the best tool to create a dynamic dashboard, which falls under the Visualization and Reporting domain of CompTIA Data+ DA0-002. According to the DA0-002 draft objectives, this domain includes understanding tools and techniques for creating effective visualizations, such as dashboards, that can be updated dynamically to reflect real-time or changing data. A dynamic dashboard typically allows for interactivity, real-time updates, and user-driven exploration of data, which is a key focus in this domain.

Power BI (Option A): Power BI is a business intelligence tool by Microsoft designed specifically for creating interactive and dynamic dashboards. It supports real-time data updates, user interactivity (e.g., filters, slicers), and integration with various data sources, making it ideal for dynamic dashboard creation. RStudio (Option B): RStudio is primarily an IDE for the R programming language, used for statistical computing and data analysis. While it can create visualizations, it's not optimized for dynamic dashboards without additional packages like Shiny, and even then, it requires more coding effort compared to Power BI.

Excel (Option C): Excel is a spreadsheet tool that can create static charts and basic dashboards, but it lacks the interactivity and real-time update capabilities of a true dynamic dashboard tool like Power BI.

SAS (Option D): SAS is a statistical analysis software suite that excels in data mining and analytics but is not primarily designed for creating dynamic, interactive dashboards.

The DA0-002 Visualization and Reporting domain emphasizes tools that facilitate "the appropriate visualization in the form of a report or dashboard with the proper design components," as noted in similar DA0-001 objectives (web ID: 1). Power BI aligns best with this requirement due to its focus on dynamic, user-friendly dashboard creation.

Reference: CompTIA Data+ DA0-002 Draft Exam Objectives, Domain 4.0 Visualization and Reporting

2.Which of the following best describes the semi-structured data that is gathered when web scraping?

- A. JSON
- B. CSV
- C. CSS
- D. HTML

Answer: A

Explanation:

This question pertains to the Data Acquisition and Preparation domain, which in DA0-002 includes understanding data acquisition concepts and the types of data gathered from various sources, such as web scraping. Web scraping involves extracting data from websites, and the data gathered is often semi-structured, meaning it has some organizational structure but isn't fully relational like a database table.

JSON (Option A): JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a semi-structured data format commonly used in web applications. Web scraping often retrieves data in JSON format via APIs or embedded scripts, as it's lightweight and structured with key-value pairs, making it ideal for semi-structured data.

CSV (Option B): CSV (Comma-Separated Values) is a structured format typically used for tabular data. It's not commonly the direct output of web scraping, though scraped data might be converted to CSV later.

CSS (Option C): CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) is used for styling web pages and isn't a data format, making it irrelevant for describing scraped data.

HTML (Option D): HTML (HyperText Markup Language) is the structure of web pages and is often the raw format scraped during web scraping. While HTML is semi-structured due to its tag-based hierarchy, it's primarily a markup language, not a data format, and the actual data extracted is often parsed into formats like JSON.

The DA0-002 Data Acquisition and Preparation domain aligns with the DA0-001 focus on "data acquisition concepts" (web ID: 14), which includes identifying formats like JSON as semi-structured data commonly acquired through web scraping. JSON is the best fit here due to its prevalence in web data exchange.

Reference: CompTIA Data+ DA0-002 Draft Exam Objectives, Domain 2.0 Data Acquisition and Preparation

3.A report triggers an error that prevents information from being displayed. However, the report was functional before a database upgrade.

Which of the following should a data analyst do first to troubleshoot the problem?

- A. Ensure the system has permissions for the report service.
- B. Change the report's refresh rate.
- C. Verify the connection to the database.
- D. Check whether the data structures were modified.

Answer: C

Explanation:

This question falls under the Data Concepts and Environments domain, which in DA0-002 involves understanding database environments, connections, and troubleshooting issues related to data access. The scenario describes a report failing after a database upgrade, indicating a potential issue with the database environment or connectivity.

Ensure the system has permissions for the report service (Option A): While permissions issues can cause report failures, they are less likely to be the first issue after a database upgrade unless explicitly mentioned.

Change the report's refresh rate (Option B): Refresh rate adjustments might address performance issues but won't resolve a fundamental error preventing data display.

Verify the connection to the database (Option C): A database upgrade often involves changes to connection strings, drivers, or network configurations. Verifying the connection ensures the report can access the database, making this the most logical first step.

Check whether the data structures were modified (Option D): While possible, checking data structures (e.g., schema changes) is a deeper troubleshooting step that should follow after confirming basic connectivity.

The DA0-002 Data Concepts and Environments domain includes understanding database connectivity, similar to DA0-001's focus on "data schemas and dimensions" and environments (web ID: 1). Verifying the connection is the first recommended step in troubleshooting post-upgrade issues.

Reference: CompTIA Data+ DA0-002 Draft Exam Objectives, Domain 1.0 Data Concepts and

Environments

4.Which of the following explains the purpose of UAT?

- A. To begin the software application development process to enhance user experience
- B. To ensure all parts of the software application work together after each sprint
- C. To review software application crashes, create patches, and deploy to users
- D. To validate and verify that a software application meets the needs and requirements of users

Answer: D

Explanation:

This question is related to the Data Governance domain of DA0-002, which includes understanding processes like User Acceptance Testing (UAT) to ensure data-related applications meet governance and quality standards. UAT is a critical step in ensuring software aligns with user needs and organizational requirements.

To begin the software application development process to enhance user experience (Option A): UAT occurs near the end of development, not at the beginning.

To ensure all parts of the software application work together after each sprint (Option B): This describes integration testing, not UAT, which focuses on user validation.

To review software application crashes, create patches, and deploy to users (Option C): This refers to post-deployment maintenance, not UAT.

To validate and verify that a software application meets the needs and requirements of users (Option D): UAT is specifically designed to ensure the software meets user requirements and functions as intended in a real-world scenario, aligning with governance standards for quality.

The DA0-002 Data Governance domain emphasizes "data quality control concepts" (similar to DA0-001, web ID: 1), which include ensuring applications meet user needs through processes like UAT.

Reference: CompTIA Data+ DA0-002 Draft Exam Objectives, Domain 5.0 Data Governance

5.A data analyst is generating a custom report for a Chief Executive Officer's executive meeting. Later, the analyst learns that other custom reports will be required for future executive meetings.

Which of the following delivery methods should the analyst use?

- A. Ad hoc
- B. Real-time
- C. Recurring
- D. Self-service

Answer: C

Explanation:

This question falls under the Visualization and Reporting domain of DA0-002, which involves selecting appropriate delivery methods for reports. The scenario describes a need for custom reports for future executive meetings, implying a scheduled, repeated delivery.

Ad hoc (Option A): Ad hoc reports are generated on-demand for one-time use, not suitable for ongoing needs.

Real-time (Option B): Real-time delivery provides live data updates, which isn't necessary for scheduled executive meetings.

Recurring (Option C): Recurring delivery involves scheduling reports to be generated and delivered at regular intervals (e.g., weekly or monthly), which fits the need for future executive meetings.

Self-service (Option D): Self-service allows users to generate reports themselves, but the scenario implies the analyst will create the reports.

The DA0-002 Visualization and Reporting domain includes understanding "the appropriate visualization in the form of a report" with delivery methods, and recurring delivery aligns with scheduled reporting needs.

Reference: CompTIA Data+ DA0-002 Draft Exam Objectives, Domain 4.0 Visualization and Reporting